

A quick look at the phylum of stingy, squishy invertebrate animals containing the jellyfish, anemones, corals, hydroids and more...

Objectives

- 1. Introduces viewers to the phylum Cnidaria.
- 2. Illustrates various characteristics of cnidarians as well as common body forms.
- 3. Explains the functioning of the nemotocyte, the cnidarian stinging cell.

Questions for before watching the program

- 1. What is coral? (Animal? Plant?) What is a jellyfish?
- 2. Are jellyfish dangerous?
- 3. Are jellyfish actually fish?
- 4. What is a coral reef?

Discussion for after watching the program

- 1. Why do biologists prefer the term *jelly* to *jellyfish*?
- 2. What characteristic do all Cnidarians share? (Hint: what does *Cnidarian* actually mean?)
- 3. How is *Cnidarian* pronounced?
- 4. What are the two basic body forms of a Cnidarian?
- 5. What body form is an anemone? A jelly?
- 6. How is a coral colony different from a group of anemones?
- 7. Why is Fire coral named poorly?
- 8. In what ways can enidarians reproduce?
- 9. What is a "blind gut"?
- 10. Additional research: Why are Comb Jellies (Ctenophores) *not* Cnidarians?